Installation- / Monitoring Technique

VARIMETER PRO Phase monitor RL 9877, RN 9877

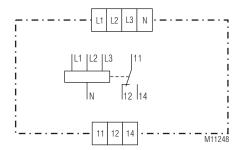




Product Description

The measuring relays RN 9877 and RL 9877 of the VARIMETER series monitor overvoltage, undervoltage, voltage range, phase asymmetry and phase sequence in 3-phase or single-phase systems. The measurement is very simple and without extensive wiring as there is no auxiliary power supply necessary. The monitoring functions are easily selectable using a single turn switch without complex menu structure. The early detection of up-coming break downs and preventive maintenance avoid expensive damages. As user you profit from the reliability and availability of your plant.

Circuit Diagram



Connection Terminals

Signal description
Phasen voltage L1
Phasen voltage L2
Phasen voltage L3
Neutral
Changeover contact (outputrelays)

Your Advantages

- Preventive maintenance
- · For better productivity
- · Always right directions of motors and pumps
- · Safe monitoring of motors and plants with phase failure detection
- · High repeat accuracy
- · Wide measuring voltage range
- Selectable monitoring function
- · Easy setting

Features

- According to IEC/EN 60 255-1
- For monitoring of AC 3- and single-phase with 50 /60 Hz
- Detection of
 - Overvoltage
 - Undervoltage
- Voltage range excess
- Phase failure
- Phase asymmetry
- missing neutral e.g. broken neutral wire
- and phase sequence in 3-phase systems
- With or without neutral
- No separate auxiliary necessary
- · Output: 1 changeover contact
- · De-energized on trip
- Adjustable hysteresis for reset
- Adjustable switching delay
- · Fast fault detection
- Width:
 - RL 9877: 35 mm
- RN 9877: 52.5 mm

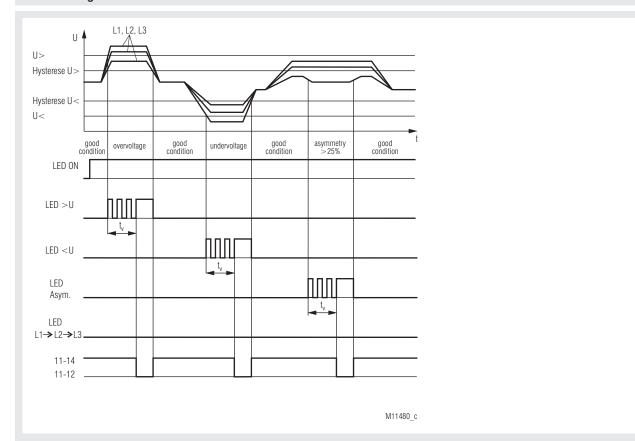
Approvals and Markings



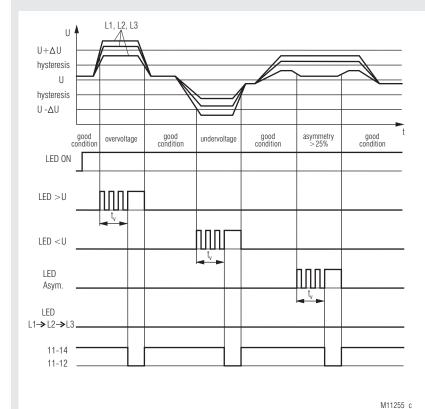
Application

- Monitoring of three-phase voltage systems to identify overvoltage and undervoltage
- Indication of phase sequence in 3-phase systems, phase failure and voltage asymmetry
- · Monitoring of voltage systems with motors
- Changeover to emergency supply after failure detection

Function Diagrams

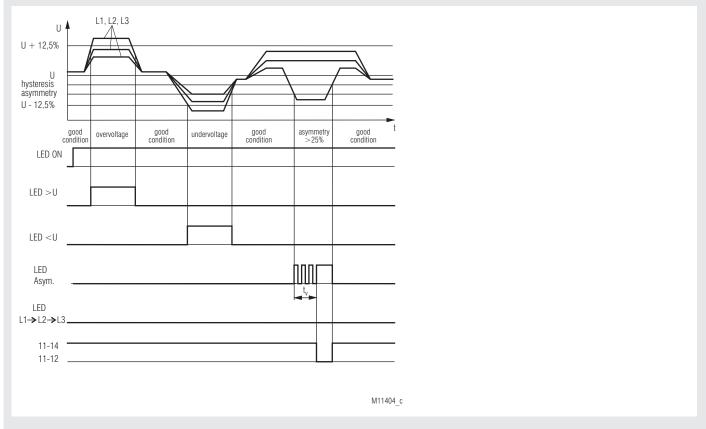


Monitoring function: 3 AC / 1 AC-overvoltage / undervoltage; rotary switch: "U>" / "U<"

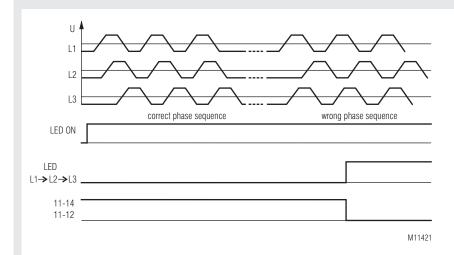


Monitoring function: 3 AC / 1 AC-voltage range; rotary switch: "U<>"

Function Diagrams

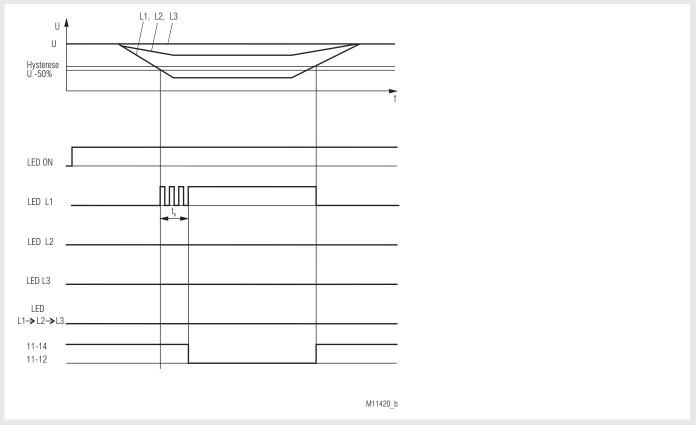


Monitoring function: 3 AC-Asymmetrie; rotary switch: "Asym."



Monitoring function: 3 AC-phase sequence; rotary switch: any

Function Diagrams



only at variant RN9877/120 e.g. RL9877/120: Monitoring function: Phase failure

Functions

In 3-phase systems all three phases are measured against neutral. In the monitoring modes overvoltage, undervoltage and voltage range the excess of the switching voltage U by one or more phase voltages is indicated by blinking of the corresponding LED. After the switching delay time has expired the voltage LED is on permanently and the output relay releases. If the phase voltage which has triggered the alarm falls below the nominal voltage U, the voltage LED switches off immediately whereas the output relay is energized.

The output relay operates in closed circuit mode i.e. in case of good condition the relay energized whereas in fault condition it is de-energized.

In the voltage range monitoring mode the nominal voltage range U $\pm \triangle U$ is adjustable. An alarm is triggered in case a phase voltage leaves this monitoring range. The hysteresis for switching back into good condition is half the value set by the potentiometer $\triangle U.$

In the voltage monitoring operation modes an excess of the voltage asymmetry between the three phases of more than 25 % is indicated by the asymmetry LED turning on. In this terminology asymmetry means the relative difference of the maximum phase voltage and the minimum phase voltage. Fall back into good condition occurs with a hysteresis of ca. 6 %. In this case the asymmetry LED turns off and the output relay energizes.

In the asymmetry monitoring operation mode the trigger level for asymmetry excess in 3-phase systems is adjustable. The hysteresis for falling back into good condition is exactly half of the set value for asymmetry. In this monitoring mode activation and deactivation of the output relay is done using the same timing parameters as in the voltage monitoring mode except that the control is governed by asymmetry excess rather than voltage excess. In this function mode a difference of the phase voltage to the adjusted voltage value of more then 25% is indicated by the corresponding voltage LED. Again fall back into good condition is done with a hysteresis of approx. 6 %.

In all monitoring modes of a 3-phase system a correct phase sequence is monitored. In case of a wrong phase sequence the phase sequence LED turns on permanently and the output relay remains de-energized. This state is on hold until the unit is restarted with correct phase sequence. After the phase sequence is correct again the LED is turned off immediately.

A missing or broken neutral is indicated by the asymmetry LED and the phase sequence LED being switched on permanently.

In 3-phase systems without neutral the delta voltages UA, UB and UC are calculated via virtual star voltages by means of vector addition. The monitoring modes are the same as with devices with neutral. The following relationships between triangle voltages and device terminals are to be taken into account:

UA = L1 - L2; UB = L1 - L3; UC = L2 - L3;

The variant RN9877/120 is especially suitable to detect phase failures.

While the neutral is connected and a phase drops under 50% of the phase voltage the corresponding LED signals the failure. The percentage between minimum and maximum phase voltage is measured.

When the neutral is missing, the phases are measured in relation to a virtual internal neutral.

After elaps of the switching delay the phase failure LED is continuously on and the output relay switches off (de-energised on trip). The reset takes place with a hysteresis of 6.25% then then LED goes off immediately and the output relay energises.

Indicator

green LED "ON":

red LED "U":

on, when supply connected
on, when overvoltage
red LED "<U":

on, when undervoltage

yellow LED "Asym.": indicates a voltage asymmetry in 3-phase

systems or loss of neutral

yellow LED "L1→L2→L3": indicates wrong phase sequence in

3-phase systems or loss of neutral

Variant /120:

green LED "ON": on, when supply connected

red LED "L1": on, when phase failure at phase 1 red LED "L2": on, when phase failure at phase 2 red LED "L3": on, when phase failure at phase 3 yellow LED "L1→L2→L3": indicates wrong phase sequence in

3-phase systems

Notes

During initialisation the relay recognises automatic the mains frequency (50 Hz or 60 Hz) and Netzform (3AC- or 1AC- systems).

On 3-phase connection all 3-phase voltages are criteria to return into good state, therefore the hysteresis should be chosen as low as possible for undervoltage or overvoltage mode (max. 10%). For the voltage range mode a higher hysteresis should be selected (min.10%).

Depending on the voltage system different monitoring functions can be selectet on a selector switch:

Function select	Type of voltage	Monitoring
U>	3AC / 1AC	Overvoltage
U<	3AC / 1AC	Undervoltage
U<>	3AC / 1AC	Voltage range
Asym.	3AC	Phase asymmetry

Technical Data

Input

Operating voltage U_R:

RL 9877: 3/N AC 80 ... 230 V / 45 ... 130 V

1- or 3-phase without / with neutral 3/N AC 175 ... 525 V / 100 ... 300 V RN 9877: 1- or 3-phase without / with neutral

Voltage rated operating U:

RI 9877: 3/N AC 94 ... 209 V / 53 ... 118 V RN 9877: 3/N AC 205 ... 477 V / 118 ... 273 V

Operating voltage U_s:

RL 9877: 3 AC 80 ... 230 V 3-phase without neutral 3 AC 175 ... 525 V RN 9877 3-phase without neutral

Voltage rated operating U:

RL 9877: 3 AC 94 ... 209 V RN 9877: 3 AC 205 ... 477 V Nominal frequency: 50 / 60 Hz Frequency range: 45 ... 65 Hz Max. asymmetry: 50 % Nominal consumption: approx. 7 VA

Output

Contact: 1 changeover contact

Contact material: AgNi Switching voltage: AC 250 V Thermal current I...: 5 A

Switching capacity

to AC 15

NO contact: 3 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1 NC contact: 1 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

Electrical life

typ. 3 x 10⁵ switching cyles to AC 15 at 1 A, AC 230 V:

Short circuit strength IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

max. fuse rating: 5 A aL

Mechanical life: > 30 x 106 switching cyles

Measuring circuit

Measuring voltage: infinite adjustable

3/N AC 80 ... 230 V/ 45 ... 130 V RI 9877: RN 9877: 3/N AC 175 ... 525 V/ 100 ... 300 V

3 AC 80 ... 230 V RL 9877: RN 9877: 3 AC 175 ... 525 V Voltage range: 0.85 U_N ... 1.1 U_N infinite adjustable 4 ... 20 % Hysteresis:

Response value for

Phase asymmetry: infinite adjustable 4 ... 20 %

Switching delay t: infinite adjustable instantaneuos, 2 ... 30 s

Repeat accuracy: ±2 % Temperature influence: ±1%

Attention:

The combination of adjusted switching voltage U and hysteresis \(\Delta \text{U} \)

must be within the measuring range.

General Data

Operating mode: continuous operation

Temperature range

Operation: - 20 ... + 55 °C Storage: - 25 ... + 65 °C Relative air humidity: 93 % at 40 °C Altitude: < 2,000 m

Clearance and creepage

distances

Rated impuls voltage/

Pollution degree: 6 kV / 2 IEC 60 664-1

Electrostatic discharge (ESD): 8 kV (air) IEC/EN 61 000-4-2

HF irradiation

80 MHz ... 1 GHz: 12 V / m IEC/EN 61 000-4-3 1 GHz ... 2,7 GHz: IEC/EN 61 000-4-3 10 V / m Fast transients: 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-4

Technical Data

Surae between

wires for power supply: 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 IEC/EN 61 000-4-5 between wire and ground: 4 kV HF wire guided: 10 V IEC/EN 61 000-4-6 EN 55 011

Limit value class B Interference suppression:

Degree of protection: Housing: IP 40 IEC/EN 60 529 IP 20 Terminals: IEC/EN 60 529

Enclosure: Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour

acc. to UL subject 94 Amplitude 0.35 mm

Vibration resistance: Class I

IEC/EN 60 255-21 20 / 055 / 04 Climate resistance: IEC/EN 60 068-1

Terminal designation: EN 50 005

DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4 Wire connection:

Fixed screw terminals

0.2 ... 4 mm2 (AWG 24 - 12) solid or Cross section: 0.2 ... 2.5 mm2 (AWG 24 - 12) stranded wire with and without ferrules

Stripping length: 7 mm

Fixing torque: 0.6 Nm EN 60 999-1

Captive slotted screw / M2.5 Wire fixing:

Fixed

High-voltage terminals

Cross section: 0.2 ... 6 mm2 (AWG 24 - 10) massiv oder

0.2 ... 4 mm² (AWG 24 - 10) stranded wire without ferrules 0.25 ... 4 mm² (AWG 24 - 10) stranded wire with ferrules

Stripping length: 8 mm Fixing torque: 0.7 Nm FN 60 999-1

Wire fixing: Captive slotted screw / M3

Mounting: DIN rail IEC/EN 60 715

Weight:

RL 9877: approx. 105 g RN 9877: approx. 125 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth:

RL 9877: 35 x 90 x 71 mm RN 9877: 52.5 x 90 x 71 mm

UL-Data

ANSI/UL 60947-1, 5th Edition ANSI/UL 60947-5-1, 3rd Edition

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60947-1-13, 2nd Edition CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60947-5-1-14, 1st Edition

Switching capacity: Pilot duty B300

5A 240Vac Resistive, G.P. 5A 30Vdc Resistive or G.P.

5A 250Vac G.P.

60°C / 75°C copper conductors only Wire connection: RL 9877: AWG 24 - 12 Sol/Str Torque 0.6 Nm

RN 9877

AWG 24 - 12 Sol/Str Torque 0.6 Nm AWG 30 - 10 Sol/Str Torque 0.7 Nm for terminals 11, 12, 14: for terminals L1, L2, L3, N:



Technical data that is not stated in the UL-Data, can be found in the technical data section

Standard Types

RL 9877.11/61 3/N 80 ... 230 V / 45 ... 130 V 4 ... 20 % 0 ... 30 s

Article number: 0066426

Output: 1 changeover contact

Measuring voltage: 3/N AC 80 ... 230 V / 45 ... 130 V

Hysteresis: 4 ... 20 %Switching delay: 0 ... 30 sWidth: 35 mm

RN 9877.11/61 3/N 175 ... 525 V / 100 ... 300 V 4 ... 20 % 0 ... 30 s

Article number: 0066425

Output: 1 changeover contact

Measuring voltage: 3/N AC 175 ... 525 V / 100 ... 300 V

Hysteresis: 4 ... 20 %
 Switching delay: 0 ... 30 s
 Width: 52.5 mm

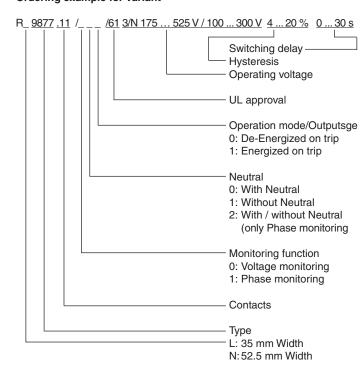
Variant

RN 9877.11/120: to detect phase failure,

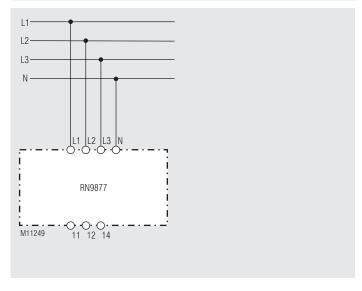
indications of the missing phase via LED; can be used with or without

neutral

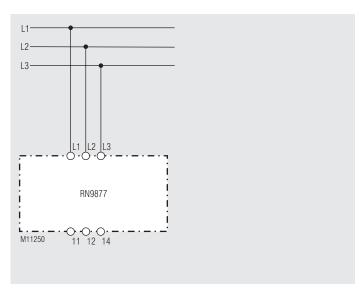
Ordering example for variant



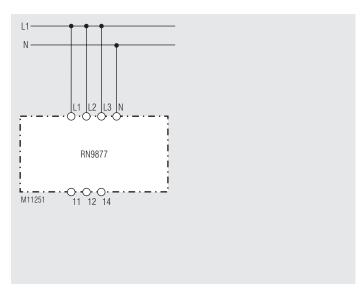
Connection Examples



3-phase connection with neutral



3-phase connection without neutral



Single-phase connection

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