

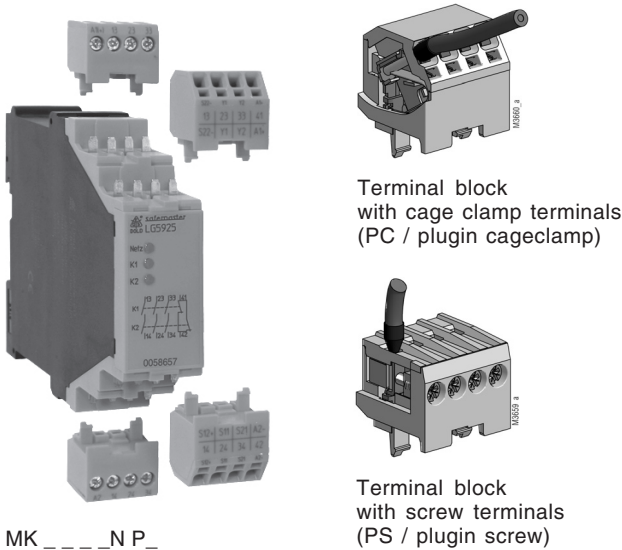
0239279



MK 5880N

- According to IEC/EN 61 557
- For single and 3-phase AC-systems up to 0 ... 500 V and 10 ... 1000 Hz
- Monitors also disconnected voltage systems
- Adjustable tripping value R_{AL} of 5 ... 100 k Ω
- De-energised on trip
- Auxiliary voltage, measuring circuit and output contacts are galvanically separated
- Manual and auto reset
- With test and reset button
- Connections for external test and reset buttons possible
- LED indicators for operation and alarm
- 2 changeover contacts
- MK 5880N/200 with additional prewarning
 - adjustable prewarning value 10 k Ω ... 5 M Ω
 - 1 output relay for alarm and 1 for pre-warning
- Wire connection: also 2 x 1.5 mm² stranded ferruled, or 2 x 2.5 mm² solid DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4
- as option with pluggable terminal blocks for easy exchange of devices
 - with screw terminals
 - or with cage clamp terminals
- 22.5 mm width

Options with pluggable terminal blocks



Terminal block with cage clamp terminals (PC / plugin cageclamp)

Terminal block with screw terminals (PS / plugin screw)

MK ___N P_

Approvals and marking



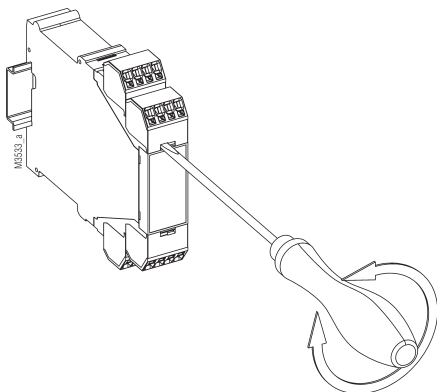
Applications

- Monitoring of insulation resistance of ungrounded voltage systems to earth
- MK 5880N/200 can also be used to monitor standby devices for earth fault, e. g. motor windings of devices that have to function in the case of emergency.
- Other resistance monitoring applications

Notes

Removing the terminal blocks with cage clamp terminals

1. The unit has to be disconnected.
2. Insert a screwdriver in the side recess of the front plate.
3. Turn the screwdriver to the right and left.
4. Please note that the terminal blocks have to be mounted on the belonging plug in terminations.



Notes

When monitoring 3-phase IT systems it is sufficient to connect the insulation monitor only to one phase. The 3-phases have a low resistive connection (approx. 3 - 5 Ω) via the feeding transformer. So failures that occur in the non-connected phases will also be detected.

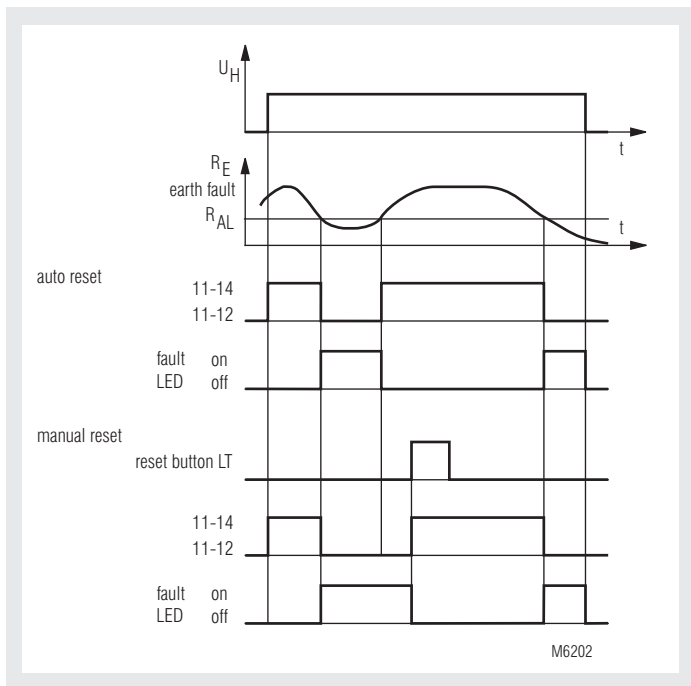
Function

The device is connected to the supply via terminals A1-A2. The unit can either be supplied from the monitored voltage system or from an separate auxiliary supply. Terminal L is connected to the monitored voltage and PE to earth. If the insulation resistance R_E drops below the adjusted alarm value R_{AL} the red LED goes on and the output relay switches off (de-energised on trip). If the unit is on auto reset (bridge between LT1-LT2) and the insulation resistance gets better (R_E rises), the insulation monitor switches on again with a certain hysteresis and the red LED goes off. Without the bridge between LT1-LT2 the Insulation monitor remains in faulty state even if the insulation resistance is back to normal. The reset is done by pressing the internal or external reset button or by disconnecting the auxiliary supply. By activating the "Test" button an insulation failure can be simulated to test the function of the unit.

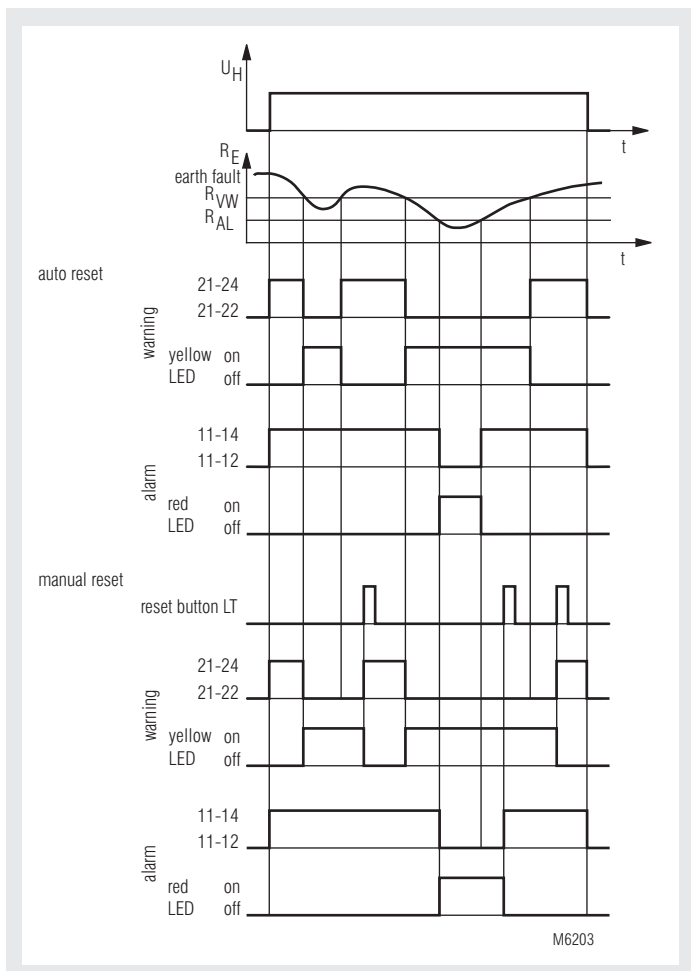
The variant MK 5880N.38/200 has a second setting range with a higher resistance up to 5 M Ω (Potentiometer R_{VW}). This setting value can be used for pre-warning with relay output.

When set to manual reset the latching is active on both settings R_{AL} and R_{VW} . Therefore it is possible in the case of a short insulation decrease that the fault is stored and passed via contacts 21-22-24 to a PLC while the main fault does not lead to a disconnection of the mains via the contacts 11-12-14.

Funktionsdiagramme

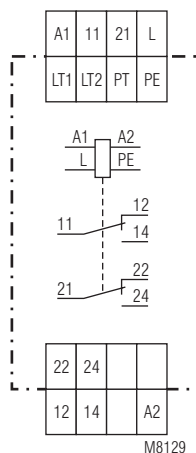


MK 5880N



MK 5880N/200

Circuit diagram



Indicators

green LED "ON":	On, when supply voltage connected
red LED "AL":	On, when insulation fault detected ($R_E < R_{AL}$)
yellow LED "VW":	On, when insulation resistance is under prewarning value, $R_E < R_{VW}$ (only with variant MK 5880N.38/200)

Notes

The insulation monitor MK 5880N is designed to monitor AC-voltage systems. Overlaid DC voltage does not damage the instrument but may change the conditions in the measuring circuit.

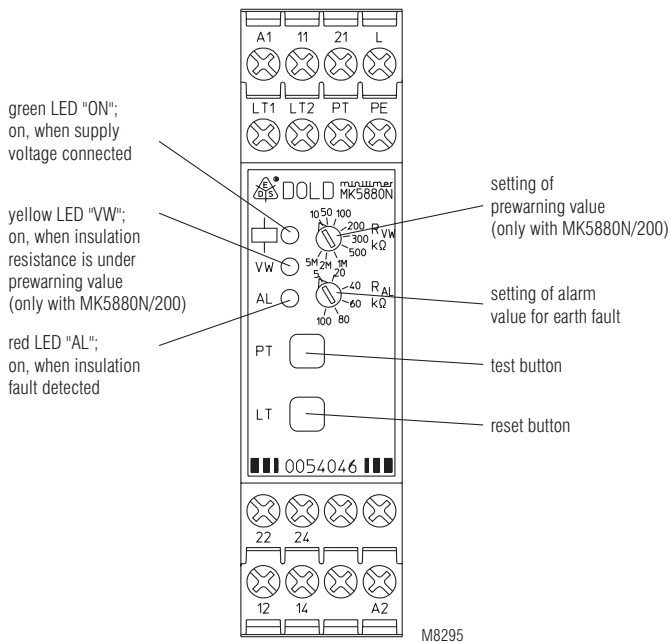
In one voltage system only one Insulation monitor must be connected. This has to be observed when coupling voltage system.

Line capacitance C_E to ground does not influence the insulation measurement, as the measurement is made with DC-voltage. It is possible that the reaction time in the case of insulation fault gets longer corresponding to the time constant $R_E * C_E$.

The model MK 5880N.38/200 can be used, because of it's higher setting value up to $5 \text{ M}\Omega$, to monitor single or 3-phase loads for ground fault. If the load is operated from a grounded system the insulation resistance of the load can only be monitored when disconnected from the mains. This is normally the fact with loads which are operated seldom or only in the case of emergency but then must be function (see connection example).

The auxiliary supply can be connected to a separate auxiliary supply or to the monitored voltage system. The range of the auxiliary supply input has to be observed.

Setting



Technical data

Auxiliary circuit

Nominal voltage U_N : AC 220 ... 240 V, AC 380 ... 415 V
DC 12 V, DC 24 V

Voltage range

AC: 0.8 ... 1,1 U_N
DC: 0.9 ... 1,25 U_N

Frequency range (AC):

45 ... 400 Hz

Nominal consumption:

AC: ca. 2 VA

DC: ca. 1 W

Measuring circuit

Nominal voltage U_N : AC 0 ... 500 V

Voltage range: 0 ... 1.1 U_N

Frequency range: 10 ... 1000 Hz

Alarm value R_{AL} : 5 ... 100 k Ω

Prewarning value R_{VW}

(only at MK 5880N/200): 10 k Ω ... 5 M Ω

Setting R_{AL} , R_{VW} : infinite variable

Internal test resistor: equivalent to earth resistance of < 5 k Ω

Internal AC resistance: > 250 k Ω

Internal DC resistance: > 250 k Ω

Measuring voltage: approx. DC 15 V, (internally generated)

Max. measuring current

($R_E = 0$): < 0,1 mA

Max. permissible noise

DC voltage: DC 500 V

Operate delay

at $R_{AL} = 50$ k Ω , $C_E = 1$ μ F

R_E from ∞ to 0,9 R_{AL} : approx. 1.3 s

R_E from ∞ to 0 k Ω : approx. 0.7 s

Hysteresis

at $R_{AL} = 50$ k Ω : approx. 15 %

Output

Contacts:

MK 5880N.12: 2 changeover contacts

MK 5880N.38/200: 2 x 1 changeover contact

Thermal current I_{th} : 4 A

Switching capacity

to AC 15

NO contact: 3 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

NC contact: 1 A / AC 230 V IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

Electrical life IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

to AC 15 at 1 A, AC 230 V: $\geq 3 \times 10^5$ switching cycles

Short circuit strength

max. fuse rating: 4 A gL IEC/EN 60 947-5-1

Mechanical life: $\geq 30 \times 10^6$ switching cycles

Technical data

General data

Operating mode: Continuous operation

Temperature range: - 20 ... + 60°C

Clearance and creepage distances

overvoltage category /
pollution degree IEC 60 664-1

between auxiliary supply
connections (A1 - A2): 4 kV / 2 at AC-auxiliary voltage

between measuring input
connections (L - PE): 4 kV / 2 IEC 60 664-1

between auxiliary supply
and measuring input
connections: 4 kV / 2 (3 kV at DC-auxiliary voltage) IEC 60 664-1

EMC

Electrostatic discharge: 8 kV (air) IEC/EN 61 000-4-2

Fast Transients: 2 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-4

Surge voltages

between A1 - A2: 1 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5

(at AC-auxiliary voltage)

between L - PE: 1 kV IEC/EN 61 000-4-5

Interference suppression: Limit value class B EN 55 011

Degree of protection:

Housing: IP 40 IEC/EN 60 529

Terminals: IP 20 IEC/EN 60 529

Housing: Thermoplastic with V0 behaviour

according to UL subject 94

Vibration resistance: Amplitude 0.35 mm

frequency 10 ... 55 Hz IEC/EN 60 068-2-6

20 / 060 / 04 IEC/EN 60 068-1

Climate resistance: EN 50 005

Terminal designation: DIN 46 228-1/-2/-3/-4

Wire connection

Screw terminals

(integrated): 1 x 4 mm² solid or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled or

2 x 1.5 mm² stranded ferruled or

2 x 2.5 mm² solid

Insulation of wires

or sleeve length: 8 mm

Plugin with screw terminals

max. cross section

for connection: 1 x 2.5 mm² solid or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled

Insulation of wires

or sleeve length: 8 mm

Plugin with cage

clamp terminals

max. cross section

for connection: 1 x 4 mm² solid or

1 x 2.5 mm² stranded ferruled

min. cross section

for connection: 0.5 mm²

Insulation of wires

or sleeve length: 12 \pm 0.5 mm

Wire fixing: Plus-minus terminal screws M 3.5

box terminals with wire protection or

cage clamp terminals

DIN rail IEC/EN 60 715

Mounting:

Weight

MK 5880N: 180 g

Dimensions

Width x height x depth

MK 5880N: 22.5 x 90 x 97 mm

MK 5880N PC: 22.5 x 111 x 97 mm

MK 5880N PS: 22.5 x 104 x 97 mm

Standard type

MK 5880N.12 AC 220 ... 240 V

Article number: 0054044

• Auxiliary voltage U_H : AC 220 ... 240 V

• adjustable

alarm value R_{AL} : 5 ... 100 k Ω

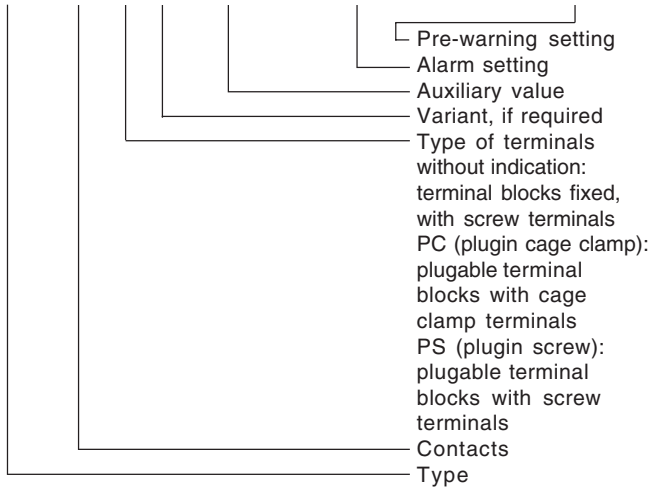
• Width: 22,5 mm

Variants

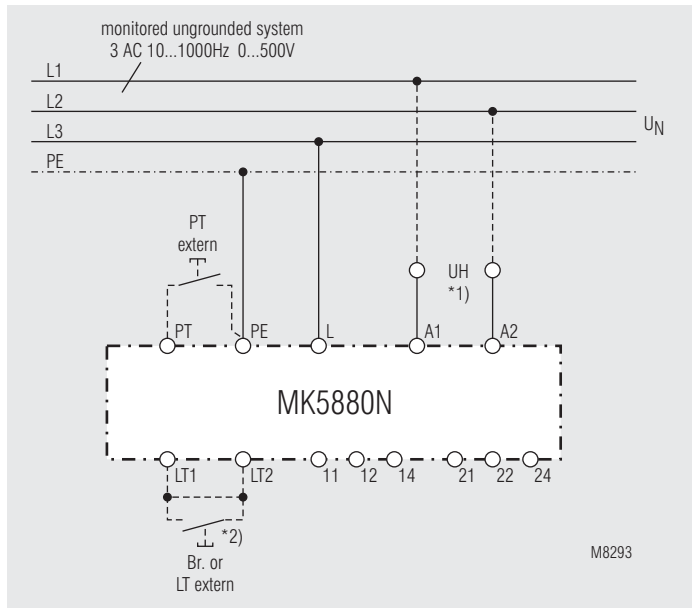
MK 5880N.38/200: with pre-warning

Ordering example for variants

MK 5880N .38 PS /200 AC 380 ... 415 V AL 5 ... 100 k Ω VW 10 K ... 5M Ω



Connection diagrams

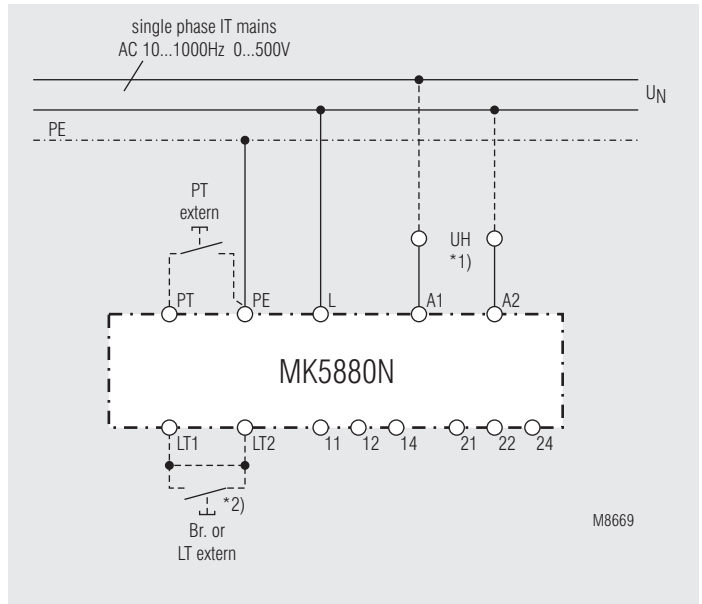


Monitoring of an ungrounded voltage system.

*1) Auxiliary supply U_H (A1 - A2) can be taken from the monitored voltage system. The range of the auxiliary supply input must be observed.

*2) with bridge LT1 - LT2: automatic reset
without bridge LT1 - LT2: manual reset, reset with button LT

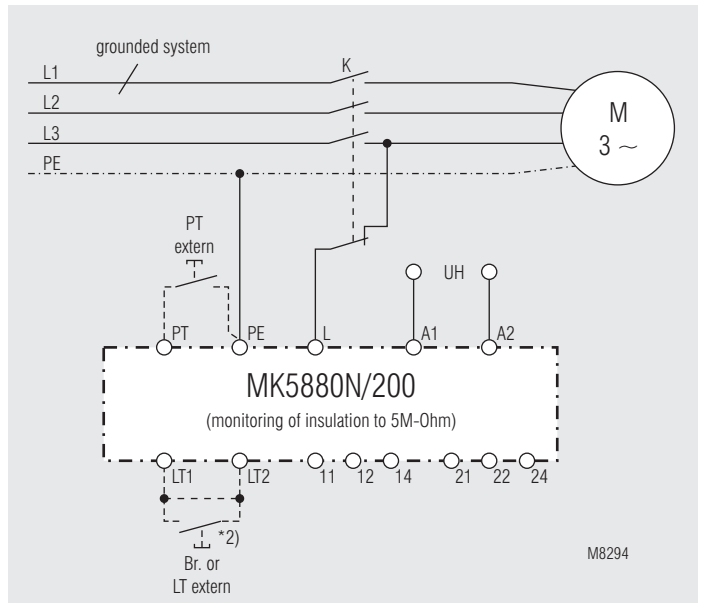
Connection diagrams



Monitoring of an ungrounded voltage system.

*1) Auxiliary supply U_H (A1 - A2) can be taken from the monitored voltage system. The range of the auxiliary supply input must be observed.

*2) with bridge LT1 - LT2: automatic reset
without bridge LT1 - LT2: manual reset, reset with button LT



Monitoring of motorwindings against ground

The insulation of the motor to ground is monitored as long as contactor K does not activate the load.

*2) with bridge LT1 - LT2: automatic reset
without bridge LT1 - LT2: manual reset, reset with button LT